

Software beats animal testing at predicting toxicity of chemicals

Thomas Hartung & team
Center for Alternatives to Animal Testing



A CENTURY OF SAVING LIVES
MILLIONS AT A TIME

JOHNS HOPKINS
BLOOMBERG SCHOOL
OF PUBLIC HEALTH



1981



Stakeholder Platform



2010



Transatlantic Hub



2012



CAAT EU Policy Program



Thanking our sponsors (industry, philanthropy, agencies)

Current



...and individuals



Space for You!



Recent



Conflict of Interest Statement



**Founder
(organoids)**

ORGANOME

AstraZeneca  **Consultant**



**Consultant
Computational
Toxicology**

**Animal tests in toxicology
should be better than
other areas:**

Standardized tests (OECD TG)

**Good Laboratory Practice
Skilled performers**

Maximum tolerated doses

**No disease models on top of
substance effects**



Six most frequent tox tests

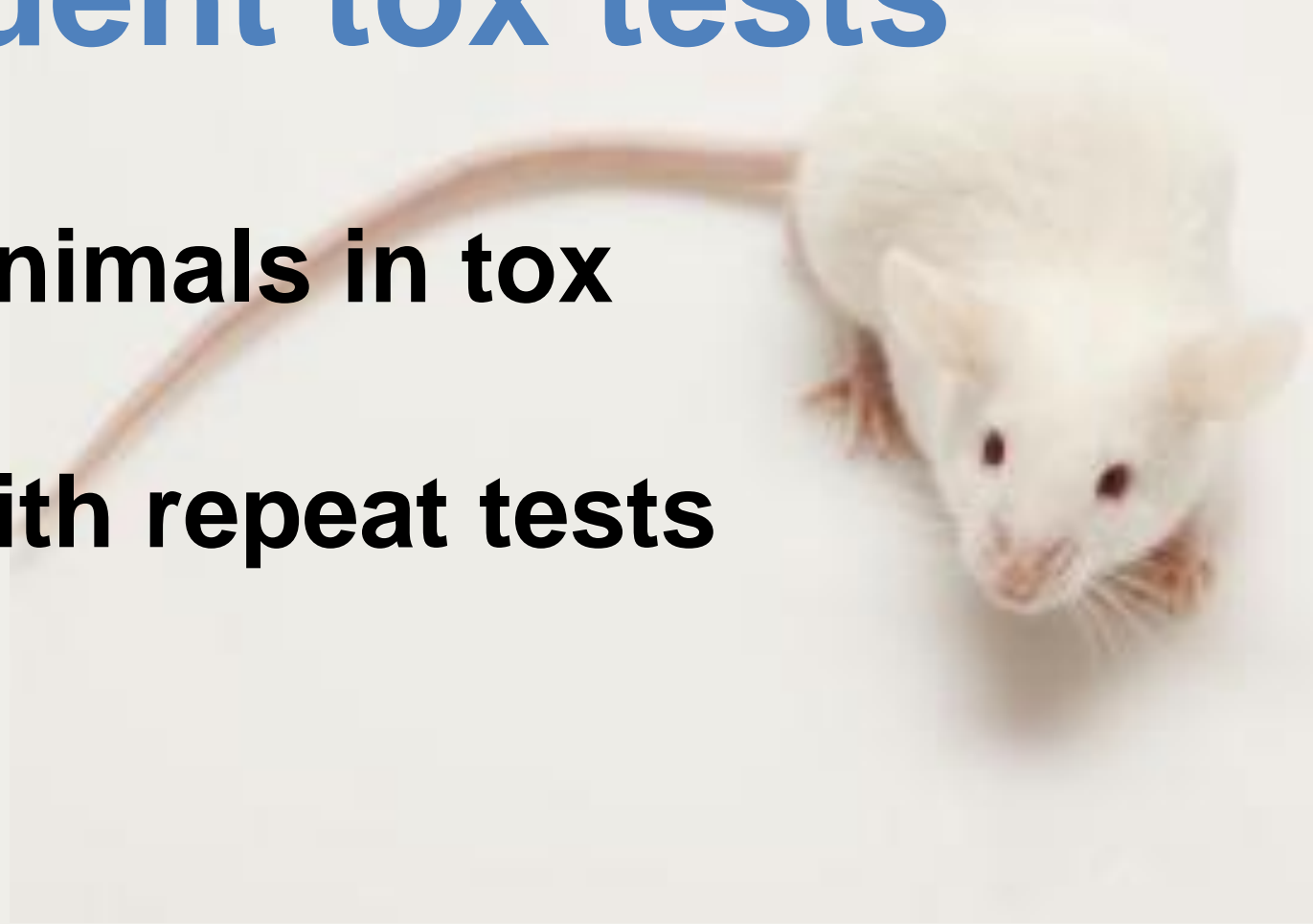
Consuming 57% of animals in tox

350-750 chemicals with repeat tests

81% reproducible

69% reproducible for toxic chemicals

Luechtefeld et al., ToxSci 2015



Data gap filling from similar chemicals



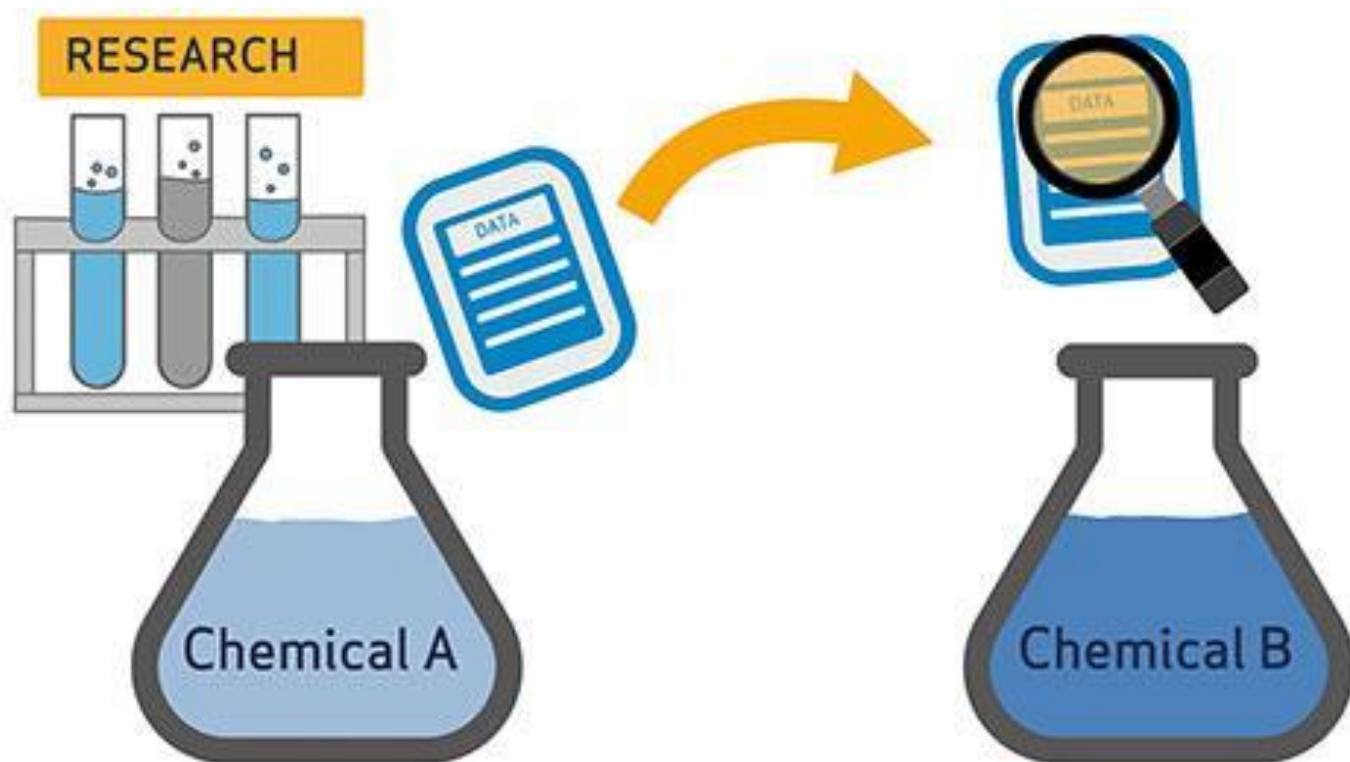
**Good Old Boys
Sat Around a Table**

*Traditional Read-Across has
a smell of GOBSAT*

- **Simplistic identification of similar chemicals driven by data availability**
- **Good Read-Across Practice only emerging**
- **One-to-one or one-to-few read-across**
- **Cannot be validated**

But it works and is broadly used in REACH!

CAAT Read-Across Program



Food for Thought ... Read-Across Approaches – Misconceptions, Promises and Challenges Ahead

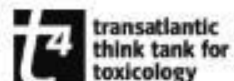
Grace Patlewicz¹, Nicholas Ball², Richard A. Becker³, Ewan D. Booth⁴, Mark T. D. Cronin⁵,
Dinant Kroese⁶, David Steup⁷, Ben van Ravenzwaay⁶ and Thomas Hartung⁹



t4 report*

Toward Good Read-Across Practice (GRAP) Guidance

Nicholas Ball^{1,8}, Mark T. D. Cronin^{2*}, Jie Shen^{2*}, Karen Blackburn⁴, Ewan D. Booth⁵,
Mounir Bouhifd⁶, Elizabeth Donley⁷, Laura Egnash⁷, Charles Hastings⁸, Daland R. Juberg¹,
Andre Kleensang⁶, Nicole Kleinstreuer⁹, E. Dinant Kroese¹⁰, Adam C. Lee¹¹, Thomas Luechtefeld⁶,
Alexandra Maertens⁶, Sue Marty¹, Jorge M. Naciff⁴, Jessica Palmer⁷, David Pamies⁶, Mike
Penman¹², Andrea-Nicole Richarz², Daniel P. Russo¹³, Sharon B. Stuard⁴, Grace Patlewicz¹⁴,
Bernard van Ravenzwaay¹⁰, Shengde Wu⁴, Hao Zhu¹⁵ and Thomas Hartung^{6,15}



t4 report*

Supporting Read-Across Using Biological Data

Hao Zhu¹, Mounir Bouhifd², Elizabeth Donley³, Laura Egnash³, Nicole Kleinstreuer⁴,
E. Dinant Kroese⁵, Zhichao Liu⁶, Thomas Luechtefeld², Jessica Palmer³, David Pamies²,
Jie Shen⁷, Volker Strauss⁸, Shengde Wu⁹ and Thomas Hartung^{2,10}

Regulatory Acceptance of Read-Across: Report from an International Satellite Meeting at the 56th Annual Meeting of the Society of Toxicology

Megan Chesnut,¹ Takashi Yamada,² Timothy Adams,³ Derek Knight,⁴ Nicole Kleinstreuer,⁵ George Kass,⁶ Thomas Luechtefeld,¹ Thomas Hartung,^{1,7} and Alexandra Maertens¹

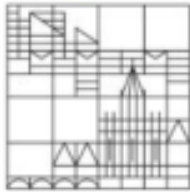
Megan Chesnut

Master of Health Sciences, May 2018





Universität
Konstanz



Think tank on “Read across as validated *in vitro* tool for regulatory toxicology“

Hotel Belvedere Ranco (Lago Maggiore), Italy (<https://bit.ly/2KvYOA0>)

16th to 18th July 2018



Highlight report: Launch of a large integrated European in vitro toxicology project: EU-ToxRisk

Mardas Daneshian¹ · Hennicke Kamp² · Jan Hengstler³ · Marcel Leist^{1,4} · Bob van de Water⁵

“Particular attention will be paid to the establishment of **pragmatic read-across procedures** incorporating **mechanistic and toxicokinetic knowledge** as well as hazard and risk assessment strategies for chemicals with minimal background information. EU-ToxRisk will use its resources in order to establish in 3 years’ time a novel read-across approach in Europe, especially for evaluating REACH compounds.”



Read-across in EUToxRisk

- A quantitatively structured read-across system will use **existing data** as well as providing **new information**, including data from **high-throughput transcriptomics**, **high-content imaging** of cell stress pathways, ***in vitro* systems**, and **mathematical modeling** to extrapolate to the ***in vivo*** situation.
- Moreover, EU-ToxRisk intends to establish a **biological read-across** approach, adding biological descriptors to toxicological and chemical descriptors.
- Due to the potential of chemical and biological read-across approaches and the importance of **good practice guidelines** to this field, EU-ToxRisk's first workshop on February 26 in Brussels presented the new "Good Read-Across Practice guidance" and other relevant initiatives among stakeholders.





10,000 chemicals
800,000 tox
studies
(Dec 2014)



Natural language
processing
(Feb 2016)
&
Web app

TOXTRACK



Tom Luechtefeld



Nature online and Scientific American

Initial irritation by EChA Resolved in mtg. 4'2016 Led to data release 3'2017



Chemical Watch
5 July 2017

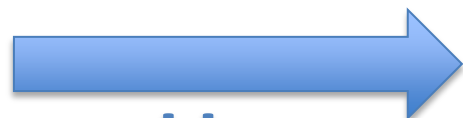
News & features

Echa gives clarity on IP issues for Qsar predictions

“A registrant would need permission to use protected data to read-across from a single substance to the target substance, ... But they would not need this to make a Qsar prediction.”



10,000 chemicals
800,000 tox
studies
(Dec 2014)



Natural language
processing
(Feb 2016)
&
Web app

ToxTRACK



10+ million
chemicals
300,000 with biol.
& 20,000 with
animal data
(Mar 2017)

RASAR - A marriage of technologies

Read-across

- Support weight of evidence
- Circumstantial
- Manual
- Unclear acceptability

(Q)SAR

- Data-mining by computer
- Broader applicability
- Can be validated with enormous consequences for acceptability

Read-Across-based Structure Activity Relationship = RASAR

- Mines local “similarity space”
- Comprehensive use of available data (data fusion)
- Expresses certainty
- Validation on the way



The map of the chemical universe

**Similarity =
proximity**

**ARTIFICIAL
INTELLIGENCE
0,5 BILLION
CALCULATIONS
PER PREDICTION
+ CERTAINTY**



CHEMICAL UNIVERSE – CURRENT DATABASE



COLLABORATION

10 million compounds
50 trillion comparisons

2 days on Amazon
cloud server

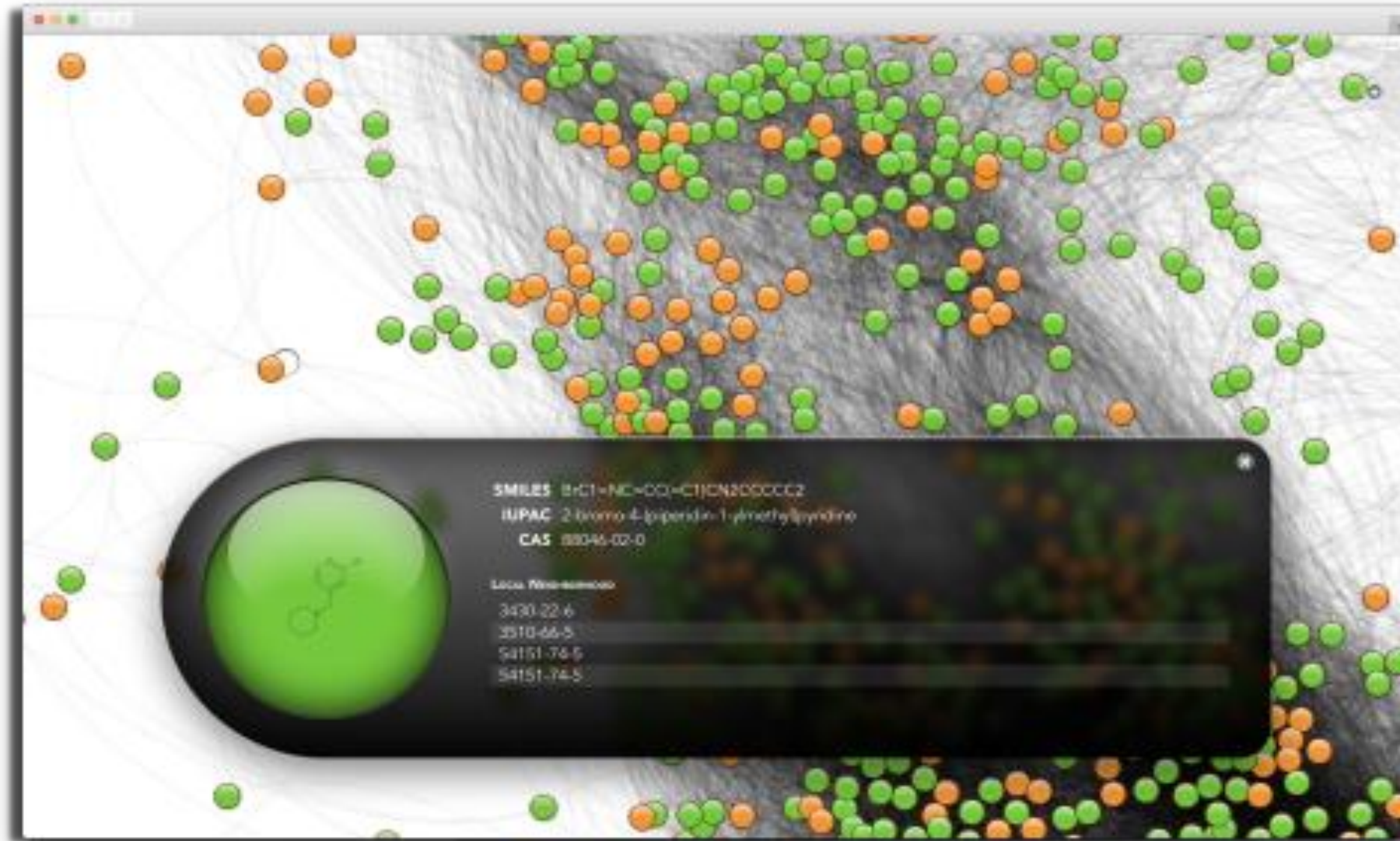


Table 1 Sensitivities (Se) and specificities (Sp) for 6 health hazard models built from thousands of classification and labelling results stored on the ECHA database

Endpoint	Tested	Se	Sp	Coverage
Skin sensitization	5136	83%	55%	83%
Eye Irritation	15 214	83%	54%	79%
Acute oral	12 342	82%	71%	77%
Mutagenicity	4077	80%	58%	81%
Skin irritation/corrosion	14 718	88%	57%	64%
Acute dermal	6732	89%	70%	59%

58,000 predictions, 42,500 possible



Toxicology Research

REVIEW

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Check for updates

Cite this: DOI: 10.1039/c8tx00051d

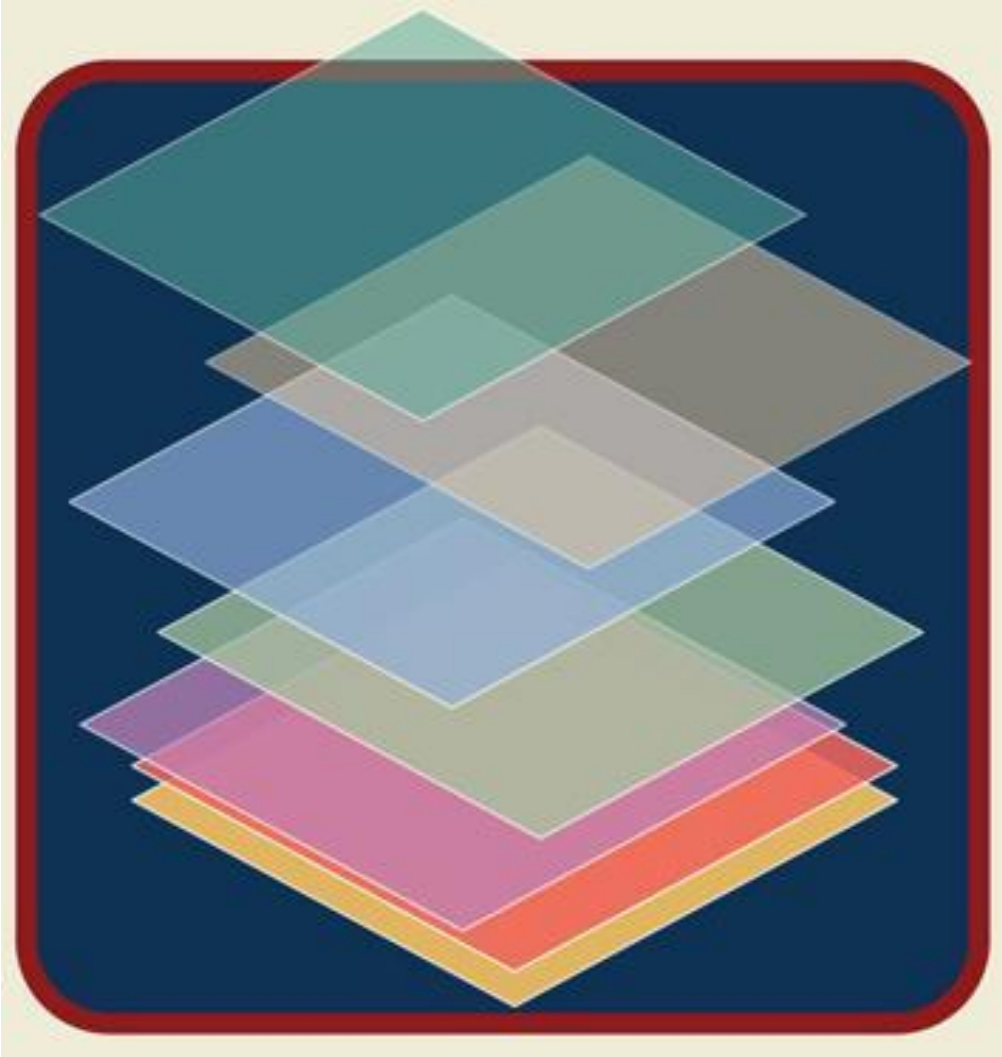
Big-data and machine learning to revamp computational toxicology and its use in risk assessment

Thomas Luechtefeld,^a Craig Rowlands^b and Thomas Hartung  ^{*a}

Toxicological Research 2018, in press, doi:10.1039/C8TX00051D

Available online

The next level: DATA FUSION



**Do not analyze
hazards
independently,
but let them
inform each
other**

Published 11 July 2018

ACCEPTED MANUSCRIPT

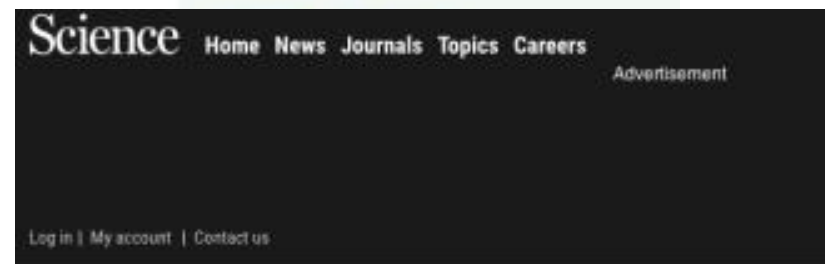
Machine learning of toxicological big data enables read-across structure activity relationships (RASAR) outperforming animal test reproducibility



Thomas Luechtefeld, Dan Marsh, Craig Rowlands, Thomas Hartung ✉

Toxicological Sciences, kfy152, <https://doi.org/10.1093/toxsci/kfy152>

Published: 11 July 2018



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NEWS • 11 JULY 2018

Software beats animal tests at predicting toxicity of chemicals

Machine learning on mountain of safety data improves automated assessments.



An estimated 3 million to 4 million rabbits, rats, and other animals are used annually around the world for chemical safety tests. CAIRNEY DOWN/ALAMY STOCK PHOTO

New digital chemical screening tool could help eliminate animal testing

By Vanessa Zainzinger | Jul. 11, 2018, 11:00 AM

Then next level: DATA FUSION

Hazard	Chemicals	Sensitivity	Specificity	BAC %	ACC %
Acute Aquatic Binary	10,541	95	94	95	95

190,000 predictions
87% correct

Skin Corrosion Binary	46,331	98	75	86	97
Skin <u>Sensitisation</u> Binary	7,670	80	96	88	84

Coverage 100% !

Six most used tox tests - 55% of animals in tox
Animal repeat test: 81% (balanced) accuracy
A.I. prediction: 87 % (balanced) accuracy
for 4-48.000 chemicals with animal data
2018 first regulatory acceptance of REACH*across*

Luechtefeld et al., ToxSci 2018

Formal validation will have to show,

simple.

**whether we can get information for the
most used animal tests now by pressing
a button?**



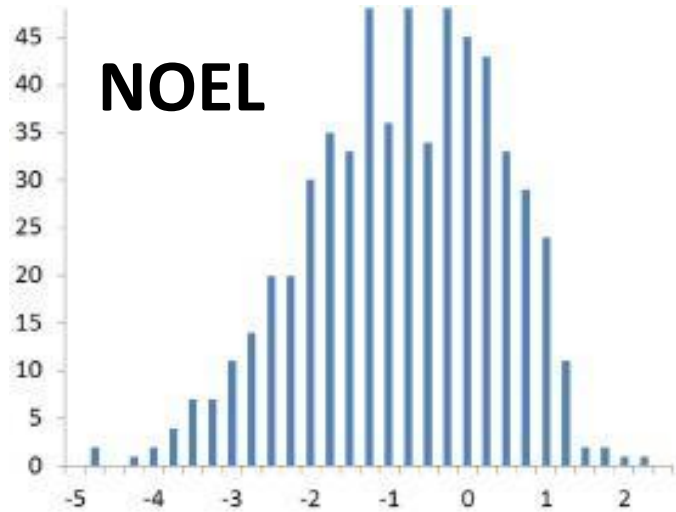
UL Cheminformatics Suite

Behind firewall

Combine proprietary data

Customized user interface

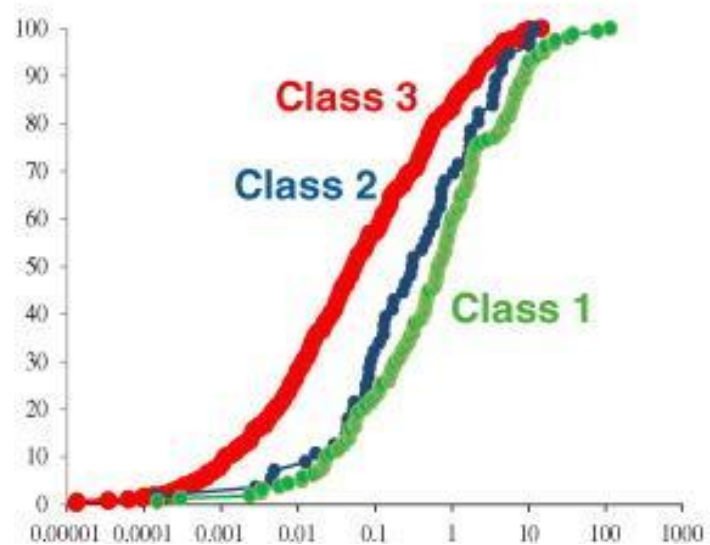
- Run lists of chemicals
- Chemical design
- 1-on-1 comparison for alternative chemistry
- Identify alternative chemicals



Threshold of Toxicological Concern (TTC)

Concept:

- No untested substance will be much more toxic than all (similar) tested ones
- Compare to dose of use scenario



Very pragmatic de-risking

Food for Thought ...

Thresholds of Toxicological Concern – Setting a Threshold for Testing below Which There Is Little Concern

Thomas Hartung

ALTEX 2017,
34:331-351



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

Regulatory Toxicology and Pharmacology

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/yrtph



The Threshold of Toxicological Concern for prenatal developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits

B. van Ravenzwaay ^{a, *}, X. Jiang ^a, T. Luechtefeld ^b, T. Hartung ^{b, c}



*The difficulty lies, not in the new ideas,
but in escaping from the old ones.*

John Maynard Keynes

(1883 - 1946)

